

AMENDMENTSIN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claim 4 as follows:

4. (Amended) A system[method] for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, including:
- (a) means for transforming the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;
- (b) means for isolating transient sounds within the time-frequency representation;
- (c) means for estimating background noise and including long transients without signal content and background noise between transients in such estimating;
- (d) means for rescaling the time-frequency representation of the estimated background noise;
- (e) means for comparing the rescaled time-frequency representation of each transient containing any signal of interest with a signal model and determining a template in the signal model that best matches such representation; and
- (f) means for resynthesizing a low-noise output signal using the best matching template.
- such

Please add the following claims:

-- 7. A method for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, including:

- (a) transforming the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;
- (b) isolating transient sounds within the time-frequency representation;
- (c) estimating background noise and including long transients without signal content and background noise between transients in such estimating;
- (d) rescaling the time-frequency representation of the estimated background noise;
- (e) comparing the rescaled time-frequency representation of each transient containing any signal of interest with a signal model and determining a template in the signal model that best matches such representation; and
- (f) replacing the digitized acoustic input signal with a low-noise output signal comprising a mix of the digitized acoustic input signal and the best matching template.

8. A system for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, including:

- (a) means for transforming the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;
- (b) means for isolating transient sounds within the time-frequency representation;
- (c) means for estimating background noise and including long transients without signal content and background noise between transients in such estimating;

- (d) means for rescaling the time-frequency representation of the estimated background noise;
- (e) means for comparing the rescaled time-frequency representation of each transient containing any signal of interest with a signal model and determining a template in the signal model that best matches such representation; and
- (f) means for replacing the digitized acoustic input signal with a low-noise output signal comprising a mix of the digitized acoustic input signal and the best matching template.

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9. A computer program, stored on a computer-readable medium, for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, the computer program comprising instructions for causing a computer to:

- (a) transform the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;
- (b) isolate transient sounds within the time-frequency representation;
- (c) estimate background noise and include long transients without signal content and background noise between transients in such estimate;
- (d) rescale the time-frequency representation of the estimated background noise;
- (e) compare the rescaled time-frequency representation of each transient containing any signal of interest with a signal model and determine a template in the signal model that best matches such representation; and
- (f) replace the digitized acoustic input signal with a low-noise output signal comprising a mix of the digitized acoustic input signal and the best matching template. --

CLEAN SET OF CLAIMS

1. A method for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, including:

- (a) transforming the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;
- (b) estimating a background noise level in the time-frequency representation;
- (c) for each interval of the time-frequency representation containing significant signal levels, comparing the time-frequency representation of such interval with a signal model and determining a template in the signal model that best matches the time-frequency representation of such interval, based in part on signal to noise ratio; and
- (d) replacing the digitized acoustic input signal with a low-noise output signal comprising a mix of the digitized acoustic input signal and the best matching template.

2. A method for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, including:

- (a) transforming the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;
- (b) isolating transient sounds within the time-frequency representation;
- (c) estimating background noise and including long transients without signal content and background noise between transients in such estimating;
- (d) rescaling the time-frequency representation of the estimated background noise;

(e) comparing the rescaled time-frequency representation of each transient containing any signal of interest with a signal model and determining a template in the signal model that best matches such representation; and

(f) resynthesizing a low-noise output signal using the best matching template.

3. A system for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, including:

(a) means for transforming the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;

(b) means for estimating a background noise level in the time-frequency representation;

(c) for each interval of the time-frequency representation containing significant signal levels, means for comparing the time-frequency representation of such interval with a signal model and determining a template in the signal model that best matches the time-frequency representation of such interval, based in part on signal to noise ratio, and

(d) means for replacing the digitized acoustic input signal with a low-noise output signal comprising a mix of the digitized acoustic input signal and the best matching template.

4. (Amended) A system for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, including:

(a) means for transforming the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;

(b) means for isolating transient sounds within the time-frequency representation;

(c) means for estimating background noise and including long transients without signal content and background noise between transients in such estimating;

(d) means for rescaling the time-frequency representation of the estimated background noise;

(e) means for comparing the rescaled time-frequency representation of each transient containing any signal of interest with a signal model and determining a template in the signal model that best matches such representation; and

(f) means for resynthesizing a low-noise output signal using the best matching template.

5. A computer program, stored on a computer-readable medium, for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, the computer program comprising instructions for causing a computer to:

(a) transform the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;

(b) estimate a background noise level in the time-frequency representation;

(c) for each interval of the time-frequency representation containing significant signal levels, compare the time-frequency representation of such interval with a signal model and determine a template in the signal model that best matches the time-frequency representation of such interval, based in part on signal to noise ratio; and

(d) replace the digitized acoustic input signal with a low-noise output signal comprising a mix of the digitized acoustic input signal and the best matching template.

6. A computer program, stored on a computer-readable medium, for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, the computer program comprising instructions for causing a computer to:

- Amended*
- (a) transform the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;
 - (b) isolate transient sounds within the time-frequency representation;
 - (c) estimate background noise and include long transients without signal content and background noise between transients in such estimate;
 - (d) rescale the time-frequency representation of the estimated background noise;
 - (e) compare the rescaled time-frequency representation of each transient containing any signal of interest with a signal model and determine a template in the signal model that best matches such representation; and
 - (f) resynthesize a low-noise output signal using the best matching template.

7. A method for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, including:

- Amended*
- (a) transforming the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;
 - (b) isolating transient sounds within the time-frequency representation;
 - (c) estimating background noise and including long transients without signal content and background noise between transients in such estimating;
 - (d) rescaling the time-frequency representation of the estimated background noise;
 - (e) comparing the rescaled time-frequency representation of each transient containing any signal of interest with a signal model and determining a template in the signal model that best matches such representation; and

(f) replacing the digitized acoustic input signal with a low-noise output signal comprising a mix of the digitized acoustic input signal and the best matching template.

8. A system for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, including:

(a) means for transforming the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;

(b) means for isolating transient sounds within the time-frequency representation;

(c) means for estimating background noise and including long transients without signal content and background noise between transients in such estimating;

(d) means for rescaling the time-frequency representation of the estimated background noise;

(e) means for comparing the rescaled time-frequency representation of each transient containing any signal of interest with a signal model and determining a template in the signal model that best matches such representation; and

(f) means for replacing the digitized acoustic input signal with a low-noise output signal comprising a mix of the digitized acoustic input signal and the best matching template.

9. A computer program, stored on a computer-readable medium, for enhancing acoustic signal buried in noise within a digitized acoustic input signal, the computer program comprising instructions for causing a computer to:

(a) transform the digitized acoustic input signal to a time-frequency representation;

(b) isolate transient sounds within the time-frequency representation;

(c) estimate background noise and include long transients without signal content and background noise between transients in such estimate;

(d) rescale the time-frequency representation of the estimated background noise;

(e) compare the rescaled time-frequency representation of each transient containing any signal of interest with a signal model and determine a template in the signal model that best matches such representation; and

(f) replace the digitized acoustic input signal with a low-noise output signal comprising a mix of the digitized acoustic input signal and the best matching template.
